

Banchory-Devenick and Findon

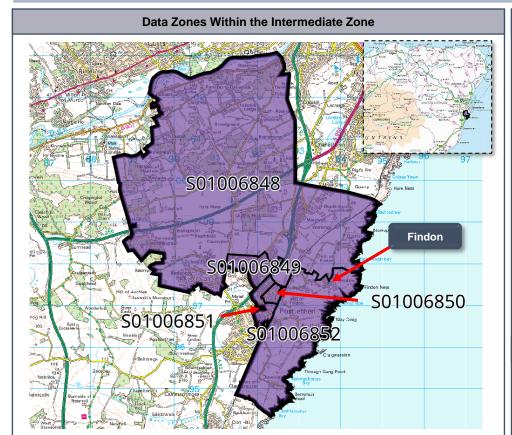
Intermediate Zone Statistical Summary

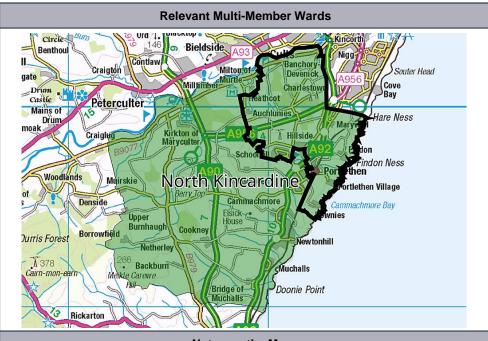
2023



Craig Watson

Banchory-Devenick and Findon





Notes on the Maps

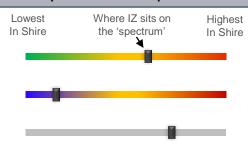
The map on the left shows the location and geographic area of the Banchory-Devenick and Findon Intermediate Zone. It contains 5 Data Zones.

Only one MMW straddles the Intermediate Zone (North Kincardine).

Spectrum Charts Explained

The following statistical pages frequently utilise spectrum charts as a visual aid to accompany an indicator. They are used to place the relevant Intermediate Zone (IZ) in the context of all other IZs in Aberdeenshire with regards to that indicator.

The charts to the right are examples of the spectrum charts used in this report. The black line represents where the IZ sits in the context of the highest and lowest figures in Aberdeenshire. If the black line is situated towards the left-hand side, the IZ recorded one of the lowest figures in Aberdeenshire. Conversely, if the black line is towards the right-hand side, it recorded one of the highest figures in Aberdeenshire.



The green/red spectrum charts are the most common type. If the black line is situated towards the red end of the spectrum, it means the figure is objectively worse than most other IZs in Aberdeenshire and *vice versa*.

The blue/red spectrum charts are used in the demographic section to denote high population growth (red) and population decline (blue).

The grey spectrum charts are simply used to denote high and low in the context of Aberdeenshire, where the high / low figure is neither good nor bad. An example would be the proportion of dwellings that fall within Council Tax Bands F-G.

Banchory-Devenick and Findon Demographic Data

Map of Banchory-Devenick and Findon: Population Change (2014-2021) The population between 2014 greatest perce Aberdeenshire The growth is DZs - S010066 DZs cover the Portlethen, inc around Badent growth in these and 2015/16; i since then. As the blue/rec younger age g of the greatest Shire, particula Consequently,

Population Change per Data Zone, 2014 & 2021

High Growth

Low Growth /

Depopulation

Data Zone	2014	2021	% Difference		
S01006848	1477	1659		12.3%	
S01006849	1643	2071		26.0%	
S01006850	935	867		-7.3%	
S01006851	789	733		-7.1%	
S01006852	603	577		-4.3%	
Total	5447	5907		8.4%	

The population in this IZ increased by 8.4% between 2014 and 2021, which is one of the greatest percentage increases in Aberdeenshire over that period.

The growth is largely due to increases in two DZs - S01006848 and S01006849. These DZs cover the area to the Aberdeen side of Portlethen, including Hillside and the area around Badentoy Park to the east of that. Most growth in these areas occurred between 2013 and 2015/16; it has remained relatively flat since then.

As the blue/red spectrum charts show, younger age groups in this IZ registered some of the greatest percentage increases in the Shire, particularly those aged under 19 years. Consequently, the IZ is home to a relatively large proportion of children. Approximately 24.7% of the population was under 15 years of age in 2021, which is the highest rate in the Shire. (As was the case last year.)

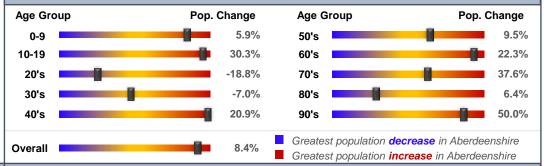
At the other end of the scale, despite a healthy growth rate, just 11.3% of the population was aged 65+, which is one of the lowest rates in the authority area, albeit an increase on the 10.6% registered last year.

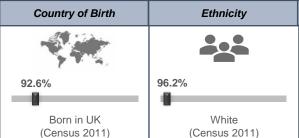
Given that a relatively large proportion of the population is under 15 and of working age respectively, the overall impression is that the area is home to a relatively large number of younger families.

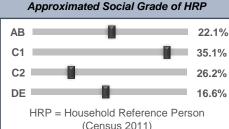
The fall in the number of people in their 20's, coupled with a commensurate increase in people in their 30's, suggest that erstwhile 20-something residents have simply aged.

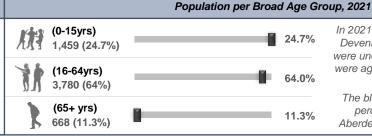
Population per Age Group, Banchory-Devenick and Findon, 2014-2021 0-9 10-19 20's 30's 40's 50's 60's 70's 80's 90+ ■2016

Rate of Population Change per Age Group, 2021 Compared to 2014





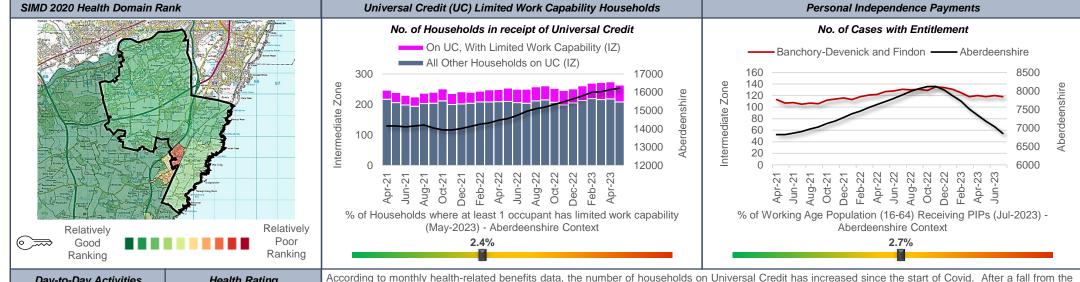




In 2021 5,907 people lived in Banchory-Devenick and Findon -- 1,459 (24.7%) were under 15 years of age, 3,780 (64%) were aged 16-64, and 668 (11.3%) were over 65

The black markers show where these percentages sit in the context of Aberdeenshire: left = low; right = high.

Banchory-Devenick and Findon Health Data (1 of 2)



Day-to-Day Activities Health Rating

Proportion of people whose day-to-day activities are limited a little or a lot -Aberdeenshire Context (Census 2011) 13.0%

Proportion of people who rated their health as either 'aood' or 'very good' -Aberdeenshire Context (Census 2011) 88.5%

March 2021 peak, numbers have increased over the last few months, following the Aberdeenshire trend. The number of households with Limited Work Capability or LWC (due to physical or mental health issues) has remained relatively high since the peak period, now affecting 56 households (up from 30 in April 2021). However, the IZ figure of 2.4% of households with at least 1 occupant assessed as having LWC is relatively low in the context of Aberdeenshire.

A higher proportion of the Working Age Population (2.7%) receive Personal Independence Payments (PIPs). This helps with some of the extra costs caused by long-term disability, ill-health or terminal ill-health. The IZ trend has increased in line with the Aberdeenshire trend. Again, the 2.7% figure is relatively low compared to most other IZs in Aberdeenshire.

According to SIMD 2020 data, DZ S01006849 has the best health ranking (Hillside area) and S01006851 has the 'worst' (area either side of Cookston Road, running the A92 and the railway line northbound). The difference between the most health deprived and least health deprived DZs is quite stark.

SIMD 2020 Health Domain Indicators per each Data Zone in the Banchory-Devenick and Findon Intermediate Zone (compared to Aberdeenshire average)

S01006848 S01006849 SIMD Health Domain Indicator (Data Zones colour-coordinated with map) >> S01006850 S01006851 S01006852 Shire Health Domain Rank (see map for colour-coded rankings) (the higher, the better) 6650 6652 3675 3407 6501 5.254 Comparative Illness Factor (Scotland = 100) (the lower, the better) 40 35 70 95 35 58 Emergency stays in hospital (Scotland = 100) (the lower, the better) 60.9 57.5 105.3 79.7 57.4 71.5 Hospital stays related to alcohol misuse (Scotland = 100) (the lower, the better) 2.5 13.0 65.0 35.5 45.4 56.7 Hospital stays related to drug misuse (Scotland = 100) (the lower, the better) 0.0 23.4 30.2 39.7 0.0 30 Proportion of live singleton births of lowbirth weight (the lower, the better) 1.1% 5.0% 1.9% 11.1% 7.4% 4.0% Proportion of population being prescribed drugs for anxiety, depression or psychosis 9.8% 11.9% 21.4% 20.4% 12.7% 15.6% Standardised Mortality Ratio (Scotland = 100) (the lower, the better) 51 22 94 123 67 85

Banchory-Devenick and Findon Health Data (2 of 2)

Banchory-Devenick and Findon's position on the 'Health Spectrum' - Aberdeenshire and Scottish Context (the higher the score, the better) IZ Score in an Relatively Aberdeenshire context: 59% Relatively **41** out of 100 Aberdeenshire 'Healthy' of IZs in Aberdeenshire have 'Unhealthy' Context: 100 a better rank 0 64 Scottish context: 36% of IZs IZ Score in a Relatively Relatively **64** out of 100 Scottish 'Healthy' in Scotland have a better 'Unhealthy' Context: 100 rank

Selection of ScotPHO indicators, Banchory-Devenick and Findon IZ compared to Aberdeenshire & Scotland (latest data)

Indicator		Latest Availa			Indicator Measurement
	ΙZ	IZ's latest fig	gure compared to:	IZ Trend	
	12	Aberdeenshire	Scotland		
Alcohol-related hospital stays	372.4	40.1%	-39.1%	~~~ Up	Rate per 100,000 pop.
All-cause mortality among the 15-44 year olds	51.3	-45.6%	-56.2%	>>> Down	Rate per 100,000 pop.
Babies exclusively breastfed at 6-8 weeks	40.4	-0.2%	8.5%	✓ Up	% of babies with a valid feeding status
Bowel screening uptake	66.8	-6.3%	1.2%	Up	% of eligible people (aged 50-74)
Child dental health in primary 1	89.0	10.2%	15.9%	√ Up	% of P1 pupils
Child dental health in primary 7	86.5	6.8%	11.6%	-√ Up	% of P7 pupils
Child healthy weight in primary 1	81.4	4.0%	11.6%	→ Up	% of P1 pupils
Deaths all ages	1141.0	7.8%	-3.4%	-∕~- Up	Rate per 100,000 pop.
Developmental concerns at 27-30 months	1.2	-1.7%	-13.4%	↓ Up	% of children reviewed
Early deaths from cancer (<75)	170.0	29.1%	13.7%	^── Down	Rate per 100,000 pop.
Early deaths from coronary heart disease (<75)	35.1	-7.1%	-33.3%	V Down	Rate per 100,000 pop.
Female life expectancy	83.7	2.3%	3.7%	► Down	Life expectancy at birth in years
Healthy birth weight	85.6	2.6%	1.5%	Down	% of all singleton births
mmunisation uptake at 24 months - 6 in 1	96.9	-0.9%	-0.1%	Down	% of children in relevant age group
mmunisation uptake at 24 months - MMR	93.7	-1.1%	-0.7%	─ Down	% of children in relevant age group
Male life expectancy	79.1	1.9%	3.4%	Down	Life expectancy at birth in years
Maternal obesity	15.7	-8.8%	-10.5%	→ Down	% of women at antenatal booking
Patients (65+) with multiple A&E hospitalisations	9102.1	44.7%	33.4%	^ ✓✓ Down	Rate per 100,000 pop.
Patients hospitalised with asthma	59.6	86.5%	-12.9%	> Down	Rate per 100,000 pop.
Patients hospitalised with COPD	103.2	-11.9%	-50.3%		Rate per 100,000 pop.
Patients hospitalised with coronary heart disease	349.3	18.8%	2.2%		Rate per 100,000 pop.
Patients with emergency hospitalisations	5401.1	2.3%	-25.4%		Rate per 100,000 pop.
Premature births	11.5	2.2%	3.2%		% of all live births
Uptake of the HPV vaccine in S3 girls	94.0	4.6%	9.2%	~~~ Up	% of S3 girls

Based on the 24 health-related indicators in the table, this IZ has a slightly worse-than-average health profile in the context of Aberdeenshire , and this appears to have deteriorated since the previous iteration. It is likely that the DZs in the north part of Portlethen will have worsened the IZs rankings as SIMD data shows these areas have a worse health ranking compared to some other DZs in the area, which have some of the best health rankings in Scotland.

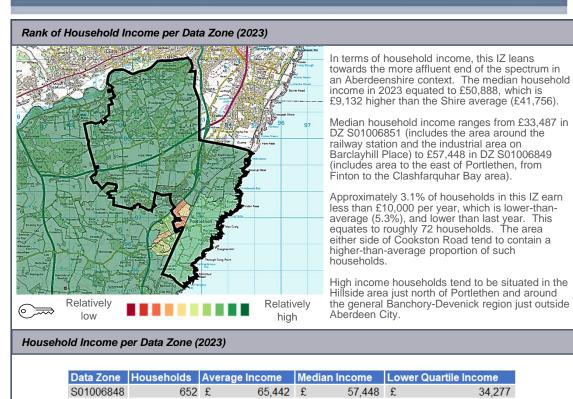
The area compares favourably to most other areas in Scotland in terms of a range of health-related outcomes, particularly in relation to developmental concerns and child dental health in primary 1.

Issues that may require further investigation include:

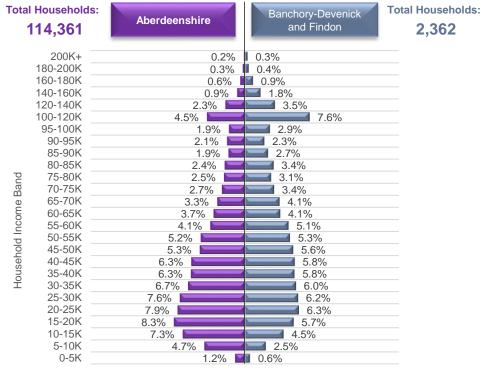
- Premature births;
- hospitalisation rates for various illness, particularly multiple emergency hospitalisations for those aged 65+, and patients hospitalised due to asthma.

With regards to each of the indicators listed above the IZ compares less favourably to other areas in Aberdeenshire and, in some instances, Scotland (and/or the trend is worsening).

Banchory-Devenick and Findon Economic Data (1 of 3)



Household Income per Band, Banchory-Devenick and Findon & Aberdeenshire (2023)



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Median Household Income (2023)

796 £

351 £

327 £

236 £

% of Households Earning Less Than £10k (2023)

% of Households Earning More Than £100k (2023)



S01006849

S01006850

S01006851

S01006852

£50,888 Aberdeenshire: £41,756

£50,888

65,068 £

47.385 £

41,732 £

61,412 £



57,517 £

40.553 £

33,487 £

53.951 £

Aberdeenshire: 5.3%



>£100K

Aberdeenshire: 10.1% 14.6%

3.1%

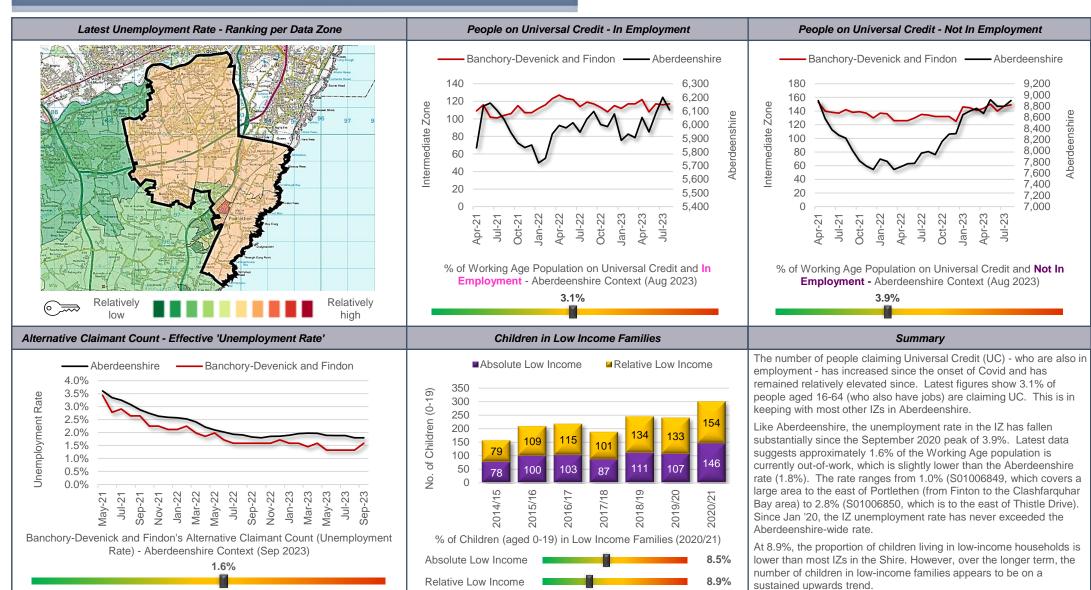
34,970

23,838

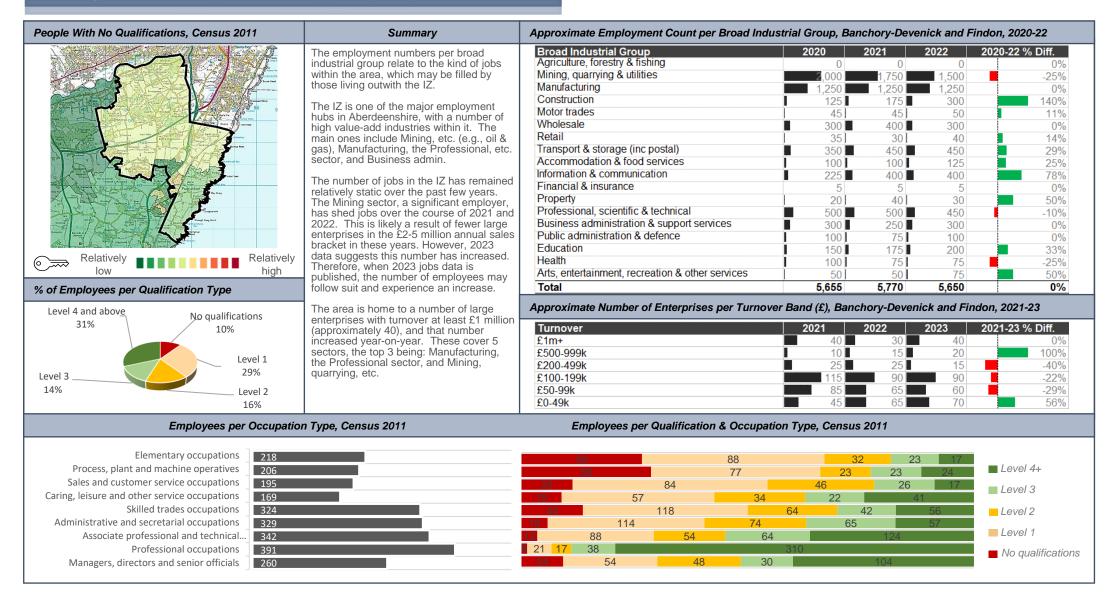
18,575

33,117

Banchory-Devenick and Findon Economic Data (2 of 3)

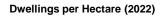


Banchory-Devenick and Findon Economic Data (3 of 3)



Banchory-Devenick and Findon Housing Data

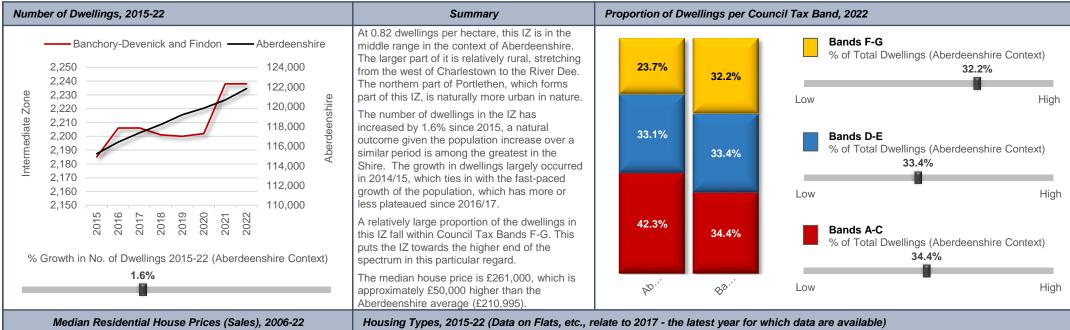




0.82



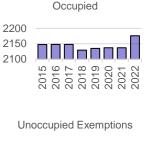
Relatively dense / urban



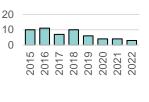
—— Banchory-Devenick and Findon —— Aberdeenshire £350,000 £300.000 £250,000 £200,000 £150,000 £100,000 £50.000 £0 2022 Median House Price (Aberdeenshire Context) £261,000



Long-Term Empty

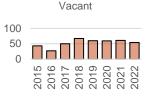






Second Homes







4% (12%) Flats: 28% (29%) Semi-Detached: 17% (12%) 51% (47%) Terraced: Detached:

(Shire figures in brackets)

Banchory-Devenick and Findon Other Socio-Economic Data

