

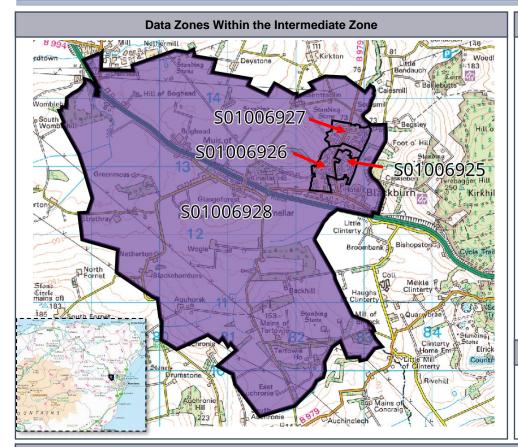
Blackburn

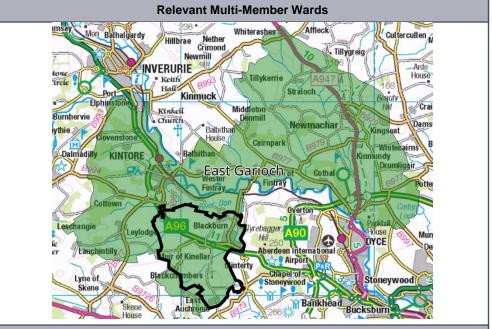
Intermediate Zone Statistical Summary

2023



Blackburn





Notes on the Maps

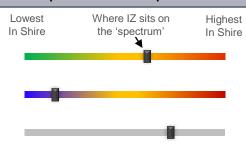
The map on the left shows the location and geographic area of the Blackburn Intermediate Zone. It contains 4 Data Zones. Blackburn itself comprises 3 Data Zones – S01006925, S01006926, and S01006927.

Only one MMW straddles the Intermediate Zone (East Garioch).

Spectrum Charts Explained

The following statistical pages frequently utilise spectrum charts as a visual aid to accompany an indicator. They are used to place the relevant Intermediate Zone (IZ) in the context of all other IZs in Aberdeenshire with regards to that indicator.

The charts to the right are examples of the spectrum charts used in this report. The black line represents where the IZ sits in the context of the highest and lowest figures in Aberdeenshire. If the black line is situated towards the left-hand side, the IZ recorded one of the lowest figures in Aberdeenshire. Conversely, if the black line is towards the right-hand side, it recorded one of the highest figures in Aberdeenshire.

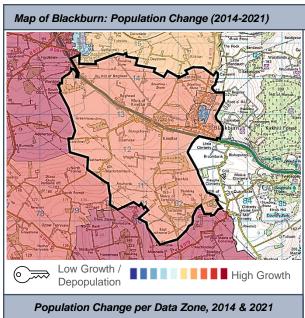


The green/red spectrum charts are the most common type. If the black line is situated towards the red end of the spectrum, it means the figure is objectively worse than most other IZs in Aberdeenshire and *vice versa*.

The blue/red spectrum charts are used in the demographic section to denote high population growth (red) and population decline (blue).

The grey spectrum charts are simply used to denote high and low in the context of Aberdeenshire, where the high / low figure is neither good nor bad. An example would be the proportion of dwellings that fall within Council Tax Bands F-G.

Blackburn Demographic Data



Data Zone	2014	2021	% D	ifference
S01006925	480	436		-9.2%
S01006926	769	774		0.7%
S01006927	1128	1153		2.2%
S01006928	1057	1091		3.2%
Total	3434	3454		0.6%

The population of the IZ increased by 0.6% between 2014 and 2021, which is a higher-than-average growth rate than that experienced by many other IZs in Aberdeenshire.

The fall in population in DZ S01006925 was more than offset by the growth in other DZs.

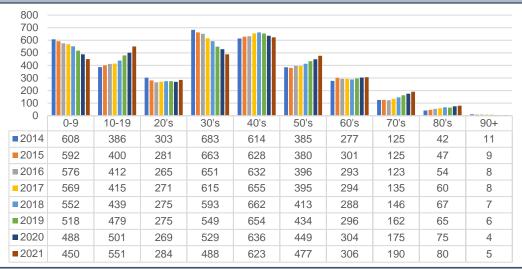
The DZ that experienced depopulation is just north of Kinellar Primary School, stretching towards the junction between Bishop Forbes Crescent and Marcus Road.

The DZs that registered the highest growth rates are situated in the northern portion of Blackburn (covering areas like Scotsmill Drive, Sett Road and Brockwood Park) and the largely rual area either side of the A96.

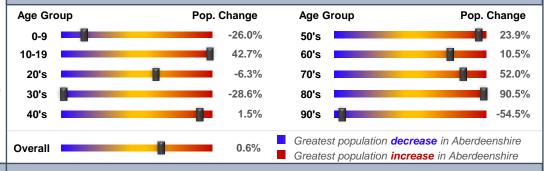
In percentage terms, the IZ is home to one of the largest child and working age populations in Aberdeenshire, and one of the smallest populations of people aged 65+.

Consequently, the IZ's age profile tends to be considerably younger than most other areas in Aberdeenshire, with those in their 30's and 40's the most dominant group (in Aberdeenshire as a whole, 50-somethings tend to be the largest group). However, these age groups have registered declines in recent years, with the number of those in their 50's increasing (possibly erstwhile 40-something Blackburn residents have simply aged over the period covered). The IZ registered one of the highest growth rates in the 10-19 age group, thanks largely to growth in those aged 10-14.

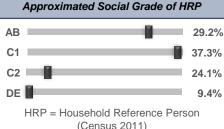
Population per Age Group, Blackburn, 2014-2021

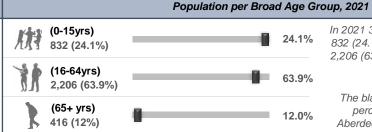


Rate of Population Change per Age Group, 2021 Compared to 2014



91.6% Born in UK (Census 2011) Born in UK (Census 2011)

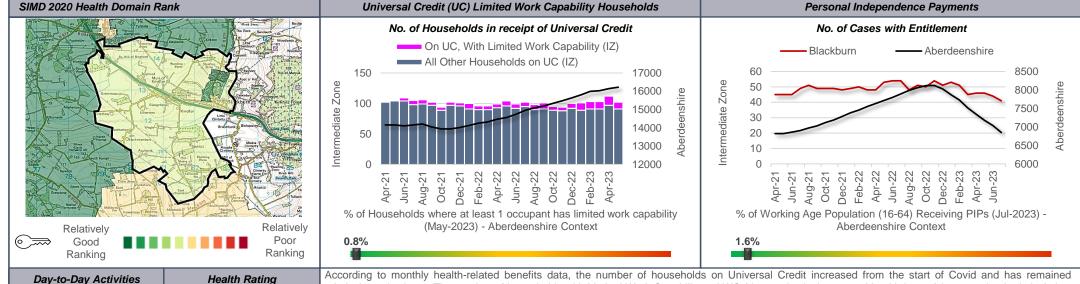




In 2021 3,454 people lived in Blackburn --832 (24.1%) were under 15 years of age, 2,206 (63.9%) were aged 16-64, and 416 (12%) were over 65.

The black markers show where these percentages sit in the context of Aberdeenshire: left = low; right = high.

Blackburn Health Data (1 of 2)



Day-to-Day Activities

Proportion of people whose day-to-day activities are limited a little or a lot -Aberdeenshire Context (Census 2011) 9.4%

Proportion of people who rated their health as either 'good' or 'very good' -Aberdeenshire Context (Census 2011)

92.0%

relatively static since. The number of households with Limited Work Capability or LWC (due to physical or mental health issues) has remained relatively low throughout, tending to affect no more than 10-15 households over any given month. The IZ figure of 0.8% of households with at least 1 occupant assessed as having LWC is among the lowest in Aberdeenshire, but higher when compared to the previous publication of this report.

A higher proportion of the Working Age Population (1.6%) receive Personal Independence Payments (PIPs). This helps with some of the extra costs caused by long-term disability, ill-health or terminal ill-health. The IZ trend has increased in line with the Aberdeenshire trend. Again, the 1.6% figure is among the lowest in Aberdeenshire, perhaps reflecting the younger age profile of the area.

According to SIMD 2020 data, a number of DZs are among the least health deprived in Scotland. Very few Data Zones in Scotland have registered a better health ranking, according to the official statistics measuring national aspects of deprivation.

SIMD 2020 Health Domain Indicators per each Data Zone in the Blackburn Intermediate Zone (compared to Aberdeenshire average)

SIMD Health Domain Indicator (Data Zones colour-coordinated with map) >>	S01006925	S01006926	S01006927	S01006928	Shire
Health Domain Rank (see map for colour-coded rankings) (the higher, the better)	6405	6796	6954	5672	5,254
Comparative Illness Factor (Scotland = 100) (the lower, the better)	35	30	20	40	58
Emergency stays in hospital (Scotland = 100) (the lower, the better)	72.6	51.4	45.1	77.8	71.5
Hospital stays related to alcohol misuse (Scotland = 100) (the lower, the better)	7.1	20.2	8.3	50.2	45.4
Hospital stays related to drug misuse (Scotland = 100) (the lower, the better)	0.0	0.0	0.0	38.8	30
Proportion of live singleton births of lowbirth weight (the lower, the better)	0.0%	0.0%	3.0%	0.0%	4.0%
Proportion of population being prescribed drugs for anxiety, depression or psychosis	13.7%	10.9%	8.9%	14.1%	15.6%
Standardised Mortality Ratio (Scotland = 100) (the lower, the better)	83	46	23	92	85

Blackburn Health Data (2 of 2)

Blackburn's position on the 'Health Spectrum' - Aberdeenshire and Scottish Context (the higher the score, the better) 69 IZ Score in an Relatively Aberdeenshire context: 31% Relatively **69** out of 100 Aberdeenshire 'Healthy' of IZs in Aberdeenshire have 'Unhealthy' Context: 100 a better rank 0 71 IZ Score in a Relatively Scottish context: 29% of IZs Relatively **71** out of 100 Scottish 'Healthy' in Scotland have a better 'Unhealthy' Context: rank 100 0

Selection of ScotPHO indicators, Blackburn IZ compared to Aberdeenshire & Scotland (latest data)

		Latest Available	Figures			
Indicator	17	IZ's latest figu	re compared to:	IZ Trend	Indicator Measurement	
	IZ	Aberdeenshire	Scotland			
Alcohol-related hospital stays	283.0	6.5%	-53.7%	✓✓ Up	Rate per 100,000 pop.	
All-cause mortality among the 15-44 year olds	104.8	11.0%	-10.6%	~~~* Up	Rate per 100,000 pop.	
Babies exclusively breastfed at 6-8 weeks	42.6	2.0%	10.8%	~~~ Up	% of babies with a valid feeding status	
Bowel screening uptake	74.8	1.8%	9.3%	Up	% of eligible people (aged 50-74)	
Child dental health in primary 1	84.2	5.4%	11.1%	~ Up	% of P1 pupils	
Child dental health in primary 7	89.4	9.6%	14.4%	Up Up	% of P7 pupils	
Child healthy weight in primary 1	71.7	-5.7%	1.9%	✓✓ Up	% of P1 pupils	
Deaths all ages	1058.1	-0.1%	-10.4%	→ Down	Rate per 100,000 pop.	
Developmental concerns at 27-30 months	0.9	-2.0%	-13.7%		% of children reviewed	
Early deaths from cancer (<75)	90.8	-31.0%	-39.3%	> Down	Rate per 100,000 pop.	
Early deaths from coronary heart disease (<75)	10.4	-72.6%	-80.3%		Rate per 100,000 pop.	
Female life expectancy	No Data		No Data	•——• ######	Life expectancy at birth in years	
Healthy birth weight	75.0	-8.1%	-9.1%		% of all singleton births	
mmunisation uptake at 24 months - 6 in 1	98.2	0.4%	1.2%		% of children in relevant age group	
mmunisation uptake at 24 months - MMR	97.3	2.5%	2.9%	✓ Down	% of children in relevant age group	
Male life expectancy	No Data		No Data		Life expectancy at birth in years	
Maternal obesity	13.6	-10.9%	-12.5%	✓ Up	% of women at antenatal booking	
Patients (65+) with multiple A&E hospitalisations	9574.8	52.2%	40.3%	Down	Rate per 100,000 pop.	
Patients hospitalised with asthma	53.5	67.5%	-21.8%	✓✓ Up	Rate per 100,000 pop.	
Patients hospitalised with COPD	254.3	117.3%	22.6%	← Up	Rate per 100,000 pop.	
Patients hospitalised with coronary heart disease	259.2	-11.9%	-24.1%	→ Down	Rate per 100,000 pop.	
Patients with emergency hospitalisations	4804.1	-9.0%	-33.6%		Rate per 100,000 pop.	
Premature births	3.6	-5.7%	-4.6%		% of all live births	
Uptake of the HPV vaccine in S3 girls	93.4	4.1%	8.6%	✓ Up	% of S3 girls	

Based on the 24 health-related indicators in the table, this IZ is situated towards the less vulnerable end of the spectrum in both an Aberdeenshire and a Scottish context. however, the rankings appear to have deteriorated relative to the previous iteration of this report, particularly in relation to Aberdeenshire.

The area compares favourably to most other areas in Scotland in terms of a range of health-related outcomes, particularly in relation to Child dental health in primary 1; Developmental concerns at 27-30 months; premature births; Early deaths from cancer (<75); Early deaths from coronary heart disease (<75); and Patients with emergency hospitalisations. In each instance the area is in the top 10% in Scotland.

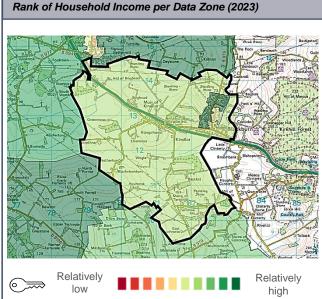
Issues that may require further investigation include:

- Healthy birthweight;
- All-cause mortality among 15-44 year olds
- Hospitalisation rates for various conditions, including for COPD, asthma, and multiple visits to A & E

With regards to these particular indicators the IZ compares less favourably to other areas in Aberdeenshire and, to some extent, Scotland (and/or the trend is worsening).

The IZ is also one of the few in Scotland not to be associated with life expectancy figures for either males or females.

Blackburn Economic Data (1 of 3)



In terms of household income, this IZ is among the most affluent in Aberdeenshire. The median household income in 2023 equated to £56,761, which is £15,000 higher than the Shire average (£41,756).

Median household income ranges from £46,256 in DZ S01006925 (area north of Kinellar Primary School) to £65,863 in DZ S01006927 (northern tip of Blackburn, north and west of Scotsmill Drive).

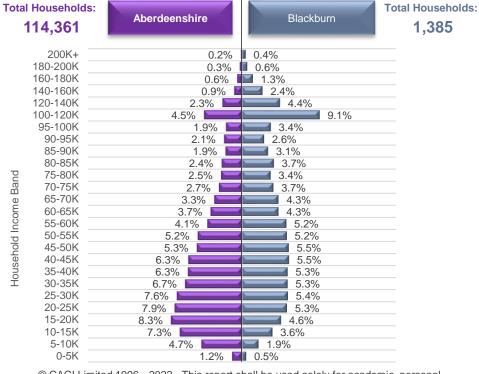
Approximately 2.5% of households in this IZ earn less than £10,000 per year, which is much lower-than-average (5.3%), and an improvement on last year's 2.5%. This equates to roughly 34 households. These are mostly found in the Fechnie Brae House area (Sheltered Housing) and around Dalrymple Circle.

High income households tend to be situated in the southwest of Blackburn (Norman Gray Park area) and in the north-west and northern tip (around Scotsmill Drive and Badger Rise).

Household Income per Data Zone (2023)

Data Zone	Households	Average	Income	Median	Income	Lower	Quartile Income
S01006925	198	£	53,698	£	46,256	£	24,786
S01006926	292	£	70,494	£	63,077	£	38,877
S01006927	433	£	72,669	£	65,863	£	41,194
S01006928	462	£	57,741	£	49,796	£	28,862

Household Income per Band, Blackburn & Aberdeenshire (2023)



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Median Household Income (2023)

% of Households Earning Less Than £10k (2023)

% of Households Earning More Than £100k (2023)



£56,761
Aberdeenshire: £41,756



<£10K

2.5% Aberdeenshire: 5.3%



>£100K

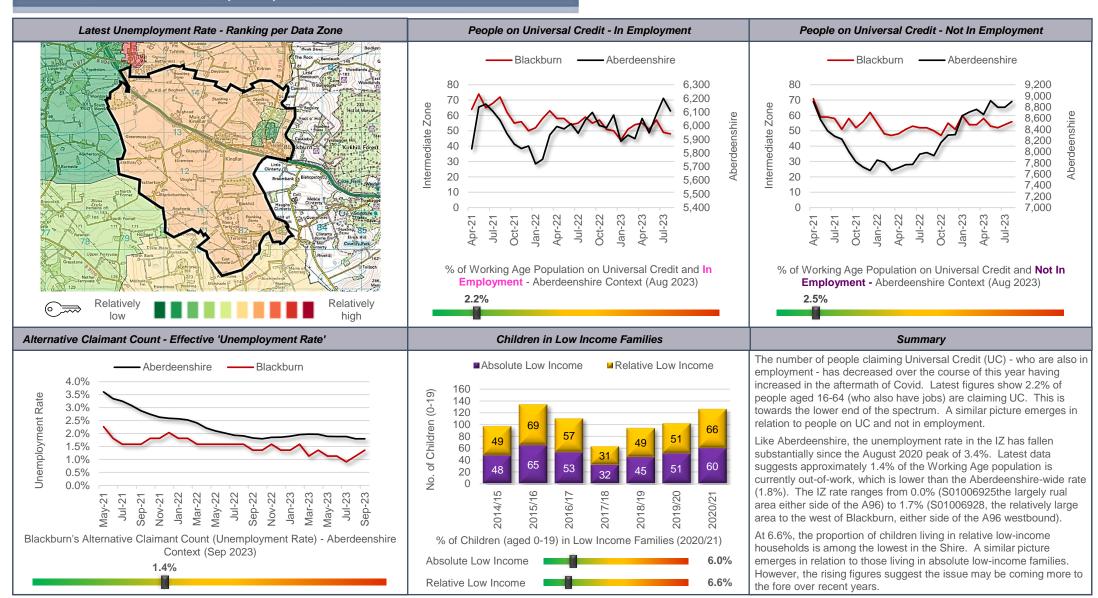
18.3%

Aberdeenshire: 10.1% **18.3%**

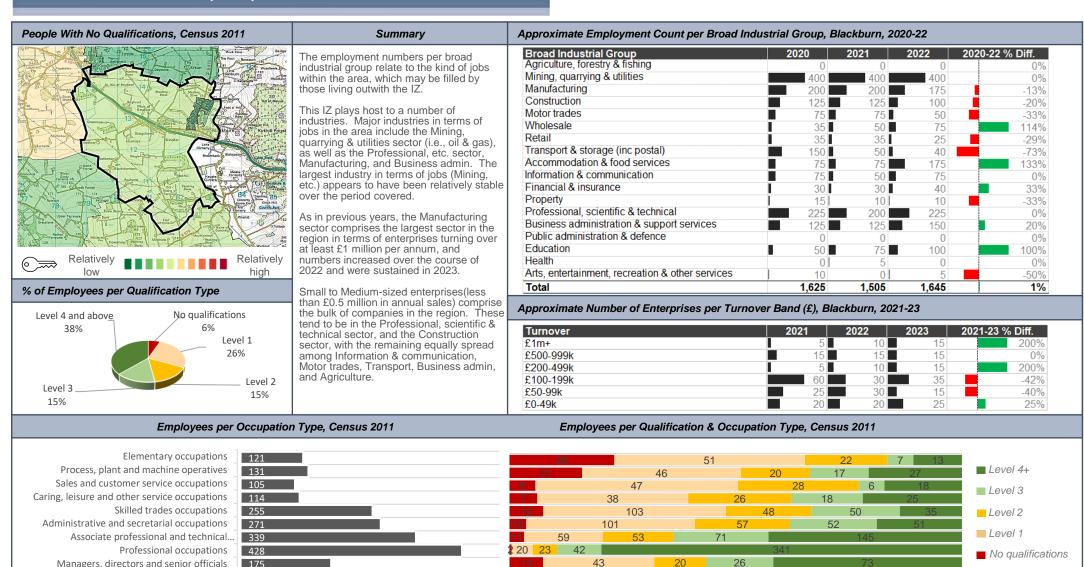
£56,761

2.5%

Blackburn Economic Data (2 of 3)

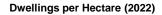


Blackburn Economic Data (3 of 3)



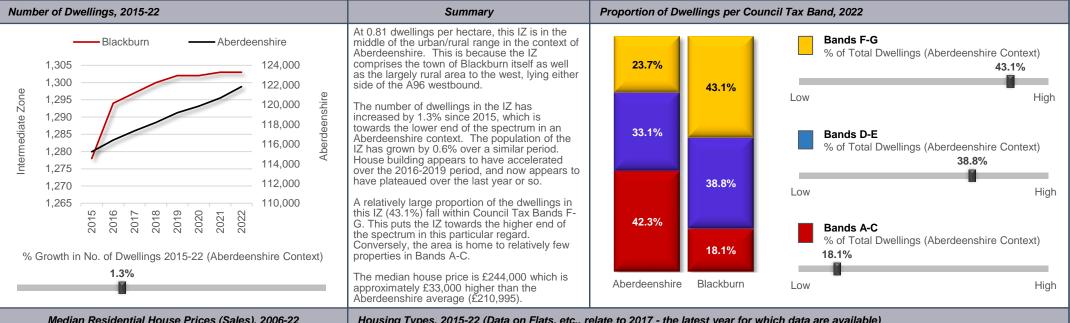
Blackburn Housing Data

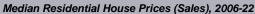




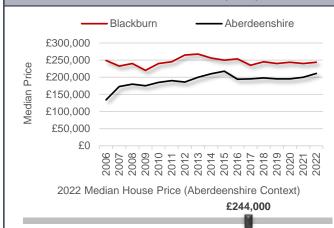
0.81

Relatively dense / urban



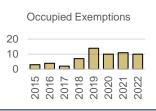


Housing Types, 2015-22 (Data on Flats, etc., relate to 2017 - the latest year for which data are available)

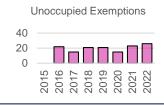


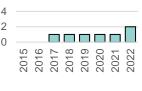


Long-Term Empty



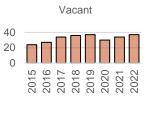






Second Homes







6% (12%) Flats: 26% (29%) Semi-Detached: 6% (12%) Terraced: 62% (47%) Detached: (Shire figures in brackets)

Blackburn Other Socio-Economic Data

