





Theme	Supporting Local Business
Programme Name	Social Enterprise Support (Revenue)
Budget	£525,000
Purpose	To grow the local social economy through supporting the creation of new and diversification of existing social enterprises.
Investment Plan Priority	S22: Support for growing the local social economy, including community businesses, co-operatives and social enterprises.
Council Priority	Economic GrowthResilient Communities
Programme Priorities	 To support the establishment of new social enterprises To assist existing social enterprises to generate new income streams

Eligibility Criteria	Eligible	Ineligible
Applicants	Social enterprises	Individuals
	Community Interest	Sole Traders
	Companies	
	Registered charities	Public sector organisations
	Community groups	
Geographical Area	Aberdeenshire	N/A
Costs		Costs formally committed to
		or spent prior to the project
	Consultancy	start date
		Costs incurred or invoiced
	Equipment	after the project end date
		Costs involved in winding
		up a company or
	Marketing	organisation
		Bad debts, fines, financial
	Overheads (max 15% of	penalties and expenses of
	total direct staff costs)	litigation
	0. "0 . '5:	Payments not supported by
	Staff Costs (Direct project	invoices and/or documents
	delivery)	proving expenditure
	Travel Expenses	Recoverable VAT
		Costs not procured in line
		with UK Shared Prosperity
		Fund requirements
	Minimum	Alcohol
Cront (C)	Minimum	Maximum
Grant (£)	£25,000	£100,000
Grant (%)	10%	50%

Indicator	Definition	Target
Number of businesses receiving financial support other than grants (numerical value)	Number of enterprises having received financial support other than grants.	0
	- Enterprise means a sole trader, micro business, small and medium-sized enterprise, or large business. It also includes social enterprises where these engage in economic activity.	
	- Non-grant financial support means loans, risk finance, financial investment from the project that is repayable or confers equity in the enterprise.	
Number of businesses receiving non-financial support (numerical value)	Number of enterprises that have received non-financial support with the intention of improving performance.	0
	- Enterprise means a sole trader, micro business, small and medium-sized enterprise, or large business. It also includes social enterprises where these engage in economic activity	
	- Non-financial support means business advice, guidance, mentoring and training. This must involve some form of direct interaction with members of the enterprises, in other words it cannot be broadcasted advice.	
	- Improved performance means reductions in costs or increases in turnover/profit.	
Number of businesses receiving	- Support may be ongoing. Number of enterprises that have	12
grants (numerical value)	received grants.	
	- Enterprise means a sole trader, micro business, small and medium-sized enterprise, or large business. It also includes social	

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	enterprises where these engage in economic activity.	
	- Grant means a cash payment by the project that is not repaid.	
Number of potential entrepreneurs provided assistance to be business ready (numerical value)	Number of entrepreneurs having been assisted to be enterprise ready.	0
	- Entrepreneurs mean individuals aged 16 and over currently in employment, unemployed or economically inactive with an interest in exploring creating their own business.	
	- Assistance means business advice, guidance, mentoring and training. This must involve some form of direct interaction with members of the entrepreneurs, in other words it cannot be broadcasted advice.	
Number of people attending training sessions (numerical value)	Number of people attending training sessions.	0
	-Training sessions include, but are not limited to: training focusing on digital, management, leadership, collaboration, networking and lower-carbon alternatives skills.	
Jobs created (numerical value)	The number of new, permanent, paid, full-time equivalent (FTE) jobs created following support. This includes both part-time and full-time jobs, which should be recorded relative to full-time equivalent (FTE). FTE should be based on the standard full-time hours of the employer.	3
	- New means it should not have existed with that employer before the intervention.	
	- Created jobs exclude those created solely to deliver the intervention (e.g. construction).	

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	 Permanent means it should have an intended life expectancy of at least 12 months from the point at which it is created. Only count each individual FTE 	
	or job once through the lifetime of	
	a project (i.e. it should not be	
	counted every year)	
	- FTE is a measure of an employees scheduled hours in relation to an employers hours for a full time workweek	
Jobs safeguarded (numerical value)	A safeguarded job is a permanent and paid job that was at risk prior to support being provided, and which the support helped the business to retain. This includes sole traders and business owners.	3
	Safeguarded jobs exclude those created solely to deliver the intervention (e.g., construction).	
	This includes both part-time and full-time jobs, which should be recorded relative to full-time equivalent (FTE).	
	- FTE should be based on the standard full-time hours of the employer.	
	- At risk is defined as being forecast to be lost within 6 months.	
	- Only count each individual FTE or job once through the lifetime of a project (i.e. it should not be counted every year)	
	- FTE is a measure of an employees scheduled hours in relation to an employers hours for a full time workweek	

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Number of new businesses created (numerical value)	A new enterprise is one which has been registered at Companies House or HMRC as a result of the support provided.	1
	- Enterprise means a sole trader, micro business, small and medium-sized enterprise, or large business. It also includes social	
	enterprises where these engage in economic activity.	
Increased amount of investment (£)	The increase in amount of tangible investment made by the private sector within a specified area over the reporting period.	£525,000
	- Tangible means something physical, for example, buildings, machinery, fixtures and fittings, etc. It excludes financial investments such as stocks or bonds Investments should only be included in the measurement once there is a contractual commitment. Investments that have only been announced should not be included The area of measurement needs to be specified prior to the first measurement being taken, and this area should remain consistent over the lifetime of the programme.	
Number of businesses engaged in new markets (numerical value)	Number of enterprises engaged in new markets following support.	0
	- Enterprise means a sole trader, micro business, small and medium-sized enterprise, or large business. It also includes social enterprises where these engage in economic activity.	
	- Engaged means they have launched a product or service into a new domestic or overseas market, or have undertaken research or attended conferences	

or events to prepare a launch into a new market.
- New market refers to a market the business has not previously engaged with.

Decision-Making		
Award Process Open Challenge Fund		
Assessment Panel/Partnership	Business Stakeholder Group	
	 Call for expressions of interest issue Eligible projects invited to submit ful application by Investments & Project Team Bids scored/prioritised/ranked by Business Stakeholder Group Award recommendations made by L Partnership Group Formal sign-off by Chief Officer or F Council if above £250k 	l ts ∟ocal
Scoring Criteria	1) Strategic Fit – To what extent does the project align with the priorities, outputs and outcomes of the framework, Aberdeenshire Council, Locality Plans and Community Action Plans?	20%
	2) Cross-Cutting Themes – Can the project demonstrate a neutral or positive contribution to the following themes?: a. Equalities b. Fairer Scotland Duty c. Town Centre First Principle d. Sustainability e. Children and Young People's Rights and Wellbeing	15%
	3) Legacy and Sustainability – Will the project deliver a lasting legacy beyond its lifetime and be sustainable once grant funding has ended?	15%
	4) Project Need and Demand – Is there sufficient evidence that the project will meet an unmet demand?	20%
	5) Value for money – Does the project represent good value for the funding requested and deliver programme outcomes and objectives?	20%
	6) Capacity to Deliver – Does the delivery organisation have sufficient capacity (financial and people) to complete the project as set out and on time?	10%

Claims, Monitoring & Reporting			
Frequency	At least quarterly		
Process	 Project sponsor completes provided template Project sponsor submits completed template and supporting evidence to externalfunding@aberdeenshire.gov.uk Investments & Projects Officer acknowledges receipt and processes claim Any costs which are ineligible or not supported by evidence are removed from the claim Investments & Projects Executive checks claim Team Manager approves payment (or refers to Chief Officer if above authorisation limit) Claim is paid and applicant notified 		
Evidence required	 Invoices Payroll records (for funded staff) BACS records Bank statements Timesheets for staff working part-time on projects Activity report including progress against target indicators Breakdown of data making up indicator report Quantity surveyor reports /permissions/completion certificates for capital projects 		
Monitoring	 Final projects Final project report to be produced 100% checks on financial information Minimum 20% checks on activity/indicator records 		